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### Value of ground deformation for monitoring CO<sub>2</sub> storage sites (SENSE project)

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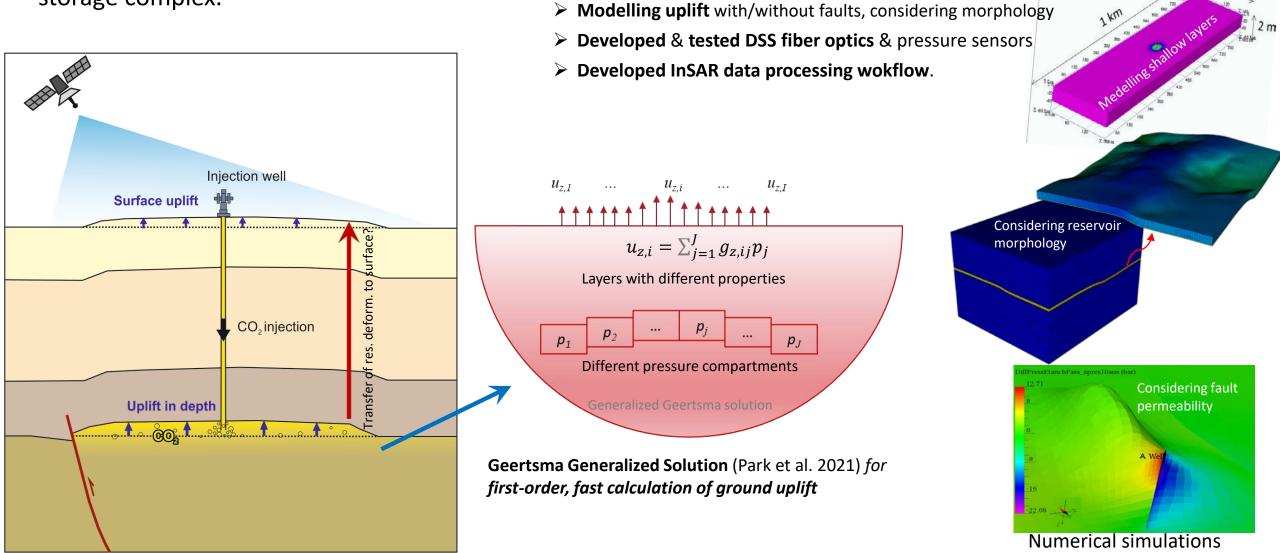
#### **SENSE project narrative**

**Methodology and Achievenments** 

Introduced a new analytical solution for ground deformation

100 m

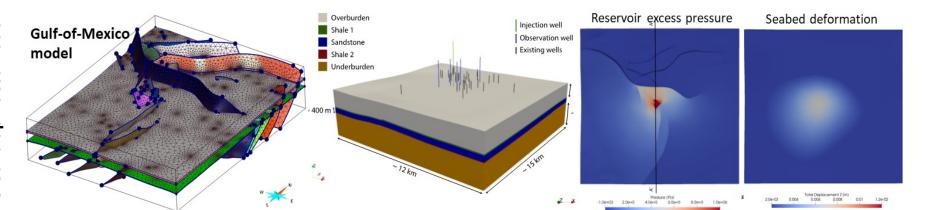
• **Objective**: use ground uplift as a parameter to monitor performance and integrity of storage complex.



#### SENSE project narrative (Cont'd)

#### • Methodology and Achievenments

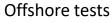
- > Introduced a new analytical solution for ground deformation
- Modelling uplift with/without faults, considering morphology
- > Developed & tested DSS fiber optics & pressure sensors
- > Developed InSAR data processing wokflow.



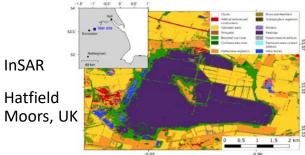


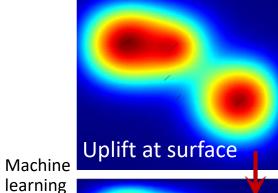
Large scale lab tests

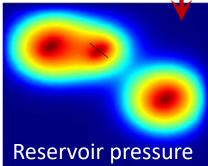
Field scale



# InSAR In Salah







**Testing DSS fiber optics** 

## Conclusions



- We suggest first-order estimation of ground uplift using the Generalized Geertsma solution (accounts for reservoir geometry, thickness, anisotropy). If considerable uplift
  perform numerical simulations.
- Geomechanical modelling of real-life and synthetic cases shows the shape of deformation reveals sealing & draining behaviour of faults in reservoir/caprock.
- > Experiments shows Distributed Strain Sensing (DSS) fiber optic cables:
- Provide good coupling with soil when embedded about 40 cm underground-no anchors
- Can detect deformations of ca.  $1\mu$  strain across cables
- Can work well for monitoring deformation hotspots.



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